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Proposed Maximum Residue Limit PMRL2018-33

Indaziflam

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Under the authority of the *Pest Control Products Act*, Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) has concluded that the addition of new uses on various commodities to the product labels of Alion Herbicide, Indaziflam 200SC Herbicide, and Indaziflam 500SC Herbicide containing technical grade indaziflam, are acceptable. The specific uses approved in Canada are detailed on the labels of Alion Herbicide, Indaziflam 200SC Herbicide, and Indaziflam 500SC Herbicide, *Pest Control Products Act* Registration Numbers 30451, 30221 and 30220, respectively.

The evaluation of these indaziflam applications indicated that the end-use products have value and the human health and environmental risks associated with the new uses are acceptable.

Before registering a pesticide for food use in Canada, the PMRA must determine the quantity of residues that are likely to remain in or on the food when the pesticide is used according to label directions and that such residues will not be a concern to human health. This quantity is then legally established as a maximum residue limit (MRL). An MRL applies to the identified raw agricultural food commodity as well as to any processed food product that contains it, except where separate MRLs are specified for the raw agricultural commodity and a processed product made from it.

Consultation on the proposed MRLs for indaziflam is being conducted via this document (see Next Steps, the last section of this document). A summary of the field trial data used to support the proposed MRLs can be found in Appendix I.

To comply with Canada's international trade obligations, consultation on the proposed MRLs is also being conducted internationally by notifying the World Trade Organization, as coordinated by the Canada's Notification Authority and Enquiry Point.

The proposed MRLs, to be added to the MRLs already established for indaziflam, are as follows.

Table 1 Proposed Maximum Residue Limits for Indaziflam

Common Name	Residue Definition	MRL (ppm)[1]	Food Commodity
Indaziflam	*N*-[(1*R*,2*S*)-2,3-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-1*H*-inden-1-yl]-6-(1-fluoroethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, including the metabolite 6-[(1*R*)-1-fluoroethyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine	0.06	Hops (dried)
		0.01	Caneberries (crop subgroup 13-07A), bushberries (crop subgroup 13-07B, except gooseberries[2])

[1] ppm = parts per million
[2] A 0.01 ppm MRL is already established for gooseberries.

MRLs are proposed for each commodity included in the listed crop groupings in accordance with the Residue Chemistry Crop Groups webpage in the Pesticides section of the Canada.ca website.

MRLs established in Canada may be found using the Maximum Residue Limit Database on the Maximum Residue Limits for Pesticides webpage. The database allows users to search for established MRLs, regulated under the *Pest Control Products Act*, both for pesticides or for food commodities.

International Situation and Trade Implications

The MRLs proposed for indaziflam in Canada are the same as corresponding American tolerances as listed in the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 180, by pesticide. Currently, there are no Codex MRLs[1] listed for indaziflam in or on any commodity on the Codex Alimentarius Pesticide Index web page.

Next Steps

The PMRA invites the public to submit written comments on the proposed MRLs for indaziflam up to 75 days from the date of publication of this document. Please forward your comments to Publications (see the contact information on the cover page of this document). The PMRA will consider all comments received before making a final decision on the proposed MRLs. Comments received will be addressed in a separate document linked to this PMRL. The established MRLs will be legally in effect as of the date that they are entered into the Maximum Residue Limit Database.

[1] The Codex Alimentarius Commission is an international organization under the auspices of the United Nations that develops international food standards, including MRLs.

Appendix I

Summary of Field Trial Data Used to Support the Proposed Maximum Residue Limits

Residue data for indaziflam in caneberry, blueberry and hops were submitted to support the domestic uses of Alion Herbicide, Indaziflam 200SC Herbicide, and Indaziflam 500SC Herbicide on caneberries, bushberries and hops.

Maximum Residue Limits

The recommendation for maximum residue limits (MRLs) for indaziflam was based upon the submitted field trial data, and the guidance provided in the OECD MRL Calculator. Table A1 summarizes the residue data used to calculate the proposed MRLs.

Table A1 Summary of Field Trial Data Used to Support MRLs

Commodity	Application Method/ Total Application Rate (g a.i./ha)[1]	Preharvest Interval (days)	Lowest Average Field Trial Residues (ppm)	Highest Average Field Trial Residues (ppm)
Hops, dried cones	Banded to the ground/ 147-154	127-188	<0.01	<0.033
Blackberries and raspberries	Banded to the ground/ 145-151	12-14	<0.01	<0.01
Highbush blueberries	Banded to the ground/ 142-153	13-15	<0.01	<0.01

[1] g a.i./ha = grams of active ingredient per hectare

Following the review of all available data, MRLs as proposed in Table 1 are recommended to cover residues of indaziflam. Residues of indaziflam in these commodities at the proposed MRLs will not pose an unacceptable risk to any segment of the population, including infants, children, adults and seniors.